1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
2	OAKLAND DIVISION	
3	In Re:) Case No. 09-41727 J) Chapter 11
4	A.F. EVANS COMPANY, INC.,)
5	Debtor.	Oakland, California Thursday, July 2, 2009 2:30 p.m. Calendar
)
7 8) 1. MOTION OF CITY NATIONAL) BANK FOR ORDER REQUIRING) DEBTOR TO REMIT SALE PROCEEDS
9) OF COLLATERAL)
10) 2. STATUS CONFERENCE ON) MOTION TO SELL AND ASSIGN) PARTNERSHIP INTEREST
11		_)
12	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
13		RABLE EDWARD D. JELLEN, S BANKRUPTCY JUDGE.
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OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA - JULY 2, 2009 - 2:44 P.M.

THE COURT: Matter of A.F. Evans Company.

MS. SINGER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Pamela Singer of Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones on behalf of the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PEPLER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Frank

Pepler appearing on behalf of City National Bank. And Scott

Bucey of my office is also in court.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MS. MANN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Margaret

Mann of Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton appearing on behalf

of the Alliant parties.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MS. MATTHEWS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Barbara Matthews appearing on behalf of the United States Trustee.

MR. KUHNER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Chris Kuhner and Eric Nyberg on behalf of the Debtor.

THE COURT: All right. Let's see. I have two things on the calendar. One is a status conference on the motion to sell, where the presumed intention, at least at this end, is to set an evidentiary hearing. And I would appreciate guidance from the parties as to how much time I need to set aside and when that hearing should be. And then we have a motion by City National concerning the sale

4 proceeds. 1 2 MS. SINGER: Your Honor, excuse me for interrupting. 3 Pam Singer. I wanted to point out that Max Litvak has also 4 appeared on behalf of the Committee and is on the phone. 5 THE COURT: Oh, thank you, Ms. Singer. Is Mr. Litvak available by phone, Ms. --6 7 MR. LITVAK: I am on the line, Your Honor. I hope you can hear me. 8 9 THE COURT: I can hear you, Mr. Litvak. I didn't 10 mean to overlook you. So your appearance is noted. Thank 11 you for correcting me, Ms. Singer. 12 MS. SINGER: You're welcome, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: All right. 14 MR. FELD: Your Honor, it's also Alan Feld and Rob 15 Sherman of Manatt Phelps on the phone for secured creditor CP III. 16 17 THE COURT: Oh, okay. Mr. Feld and Mr. Sherman. 18 Thank you both. 19 MR. FELD: Okay. Thank you. 20 MR. KUHNER: Thank you, Your Honor. Chris Kuhner. 21 In addition to those two matters, Your Honor, at the end 22 of the hearings today we'd like to discuss a proposed 23 stipulation for continued use of cash collateral. We've 24 entered into sort of a stopgap --25 THE COURT: All right.

5 MR. KUHNER: -- to -- or, a 17-day stipulation to 1 use cash collateral. We'll bring that up at the end, Your 3 Honor. 4 THE COURT: All right. 5 MR. KUHNER: As to the status conference, Ms. Mann and myself have been discussing a potential -- a schedule. I 6 7 think we've agreed to a timeline, and assuming it works with Your Honor, we would like to have a hearing date -- I'll work 8 backwards -- sometime in the middle of August. 9 THE COURT: How much time for the hearing? 10 MR. KUHNER: I think about a half a day. We 11 anticipate three witnesses, maybe four, from the Debtor at 12 13 the most. Not very long. And we would do direct testimony through declarations. 14 15 MS. MANN: Your Honor, I anticipate an equal number of witnesses. My experience is --16 THE COURT: Eight witnesses in a half a day --17 MS. MANN: I was just going to say that. 18 (Laughter.) 19 20 MS. MANN: Despite discussions with counsel about making this as expedited as possible, I think two days would 21 22 be safer as well as more convenient. And obviously we don't need to use the second day if we don't need to use it. 23

THE COURT: Yes. The issues here basically have to do with the authority and discretion, if any, of the proposed

new partner. I just can't see how it could take two days.

MS. MANN: Your Honor, --

MR. KUHNER: I think one day would be fine.

MS. MANN: Your Honor, my concern is there are two issues here. You know, there's the identity of the partner, as Your Honor identified in the memorandum. But we also have the evidence of cure and whether that's sufficient. And so it's because of both issues that I think we should reserve the two days.

THE COURT: What are the factual issues on the cure? What kind of evidence am I going to be hearing about?

MS. MANN: Your Honor, we have not seen a revised --I understand that there's -- the Debtor's intention is to enter into a revised sale agreement with Reliant that may address some of the issues that we have regarding whether this is a breaking-away of the benefits of the partnership away from the obligation. So there's also a number of issues with regard to the management agreement and those responsibilities and whether the proposal is consistent with the partnership agreement.

So it really is about the -- not only the natures of the duties left under this agreement, but how exactly this deal intends to satisfy those responsibilities so as to comport with the provisions of the Code.

THE COURT: And this is in August?

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MR. KUHNER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Madam Deputy, what do we have in August? I can't believe this would take two days for the Debtor to put on adequate assurance of cure, if the evidence exists. Or of future performance, I should say. And --

MR. KUHNER: We don't think it will take more than a day, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, let's set a day. I think the parties can do this in a day. I don't want to -- and then as far as the duties of the proposed assignee and whether this comes within the category of discretionary/important or just basically an entity whose skills and intentions aren't very relevant, well, that shouldn't take two days. Madam Deputy, let's find a day.

THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor. August 11 at 10:00 a.m.

MS. MANN: Your Honor, just a little more clarity here. This is a tax credit partnership with some very complex regulations that apply, both on a local level and on the federal level. And it may be that there are -- we need an expert witness to help explain them. I haven't -- without knowing what the adequate assurance is yet, --

THE COURT: Let's not blow this up into a thermonuclear war. You know, I mean, if I said let's set aside two months, some attorneys would say, "Give me three

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8 months." I mean, we can do this in a day. I'm sure, with intelligent, smart lawyering that prudently use their time 3 and their witnesses to get to the nugget of the issue, that a 4 day should work. 5 So Madam Deputy, can we find a day? 6 THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor. August 11 at 10:00 7 a.m. 8 MR. KUHNER: That's fine with me, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: All right. 10 MS. MANN: That's fine, Your Honor. THE COURT: Why don't we start at 9:30? That'll 11 12 give you a little extra. You get an extra half hour already. 13 All right. So, 9:30 on August 11. 14 MR. KUHNER: And what --THE COURT: And then --15 16 MR. KUHNER: I'm sorry. 17 THE COURT: -- I would like the parties to file and serve trial briefs seven days before that. 18 19 MS. MANN: Okay. 20 THE COURT: File and serve witness lists seven days before that. You don't need to go into detail about what the 21 witness is going to say, but if the identity of the witness 22 23 is not someone known to the other side, just a brief description: "The witness is the proposed general partner" 24 or "The witness is someone who drafted some document who was 25

9 1 instructed to say such-and-such." Just, you know, a one-line 2 or two-liner to identify the person. 3 And then, finally, any documents to come into evidence are to be exchanged -- you don't need to file them --4 5 exchanged seven days before the trial. I will issue a scheduling order concerning the pre-marking of documents and 6 7 that sort of thing. MS. MANN: Your Honor, we actually had talked about 8 moving those dates back a little in case there is a need for 9 10 discovery on either side. Is that possible? THE COURT: Sure. Anything's possible when you're 11 12 talking about a day. MR. KUHNER: I think we're -- this is what gets 13 filed with the Court. We discussed, just between the two of 14 us, to exchange documents --15 MS. MANN: And actually, on July 13. 16 MR. KUHNER: Discovery. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 MR. KUHNER: So I don't think that needs to change 19 the Court's schedule in terms of when we file. 20 THE COURT: Is that okay? Leave it July -- August 21 22 11th? MS. MANN: Yeah. We can work with the Court's 23 schedule. I just wanted --24

THE COURT: Okay.

10 1 MS. MANN: I was a little confused about whether our 2 3 THE COURT: All right. 4 MS. MANN: -- previous schedule had been overruled. 5 But Mr. Kuhner --6 THE COURT: No, no. Your previous is not overruled. 7 MR. KUHNER: Right. 8 THE COURT: So, in fact, why don't I ask, Mr. 9 Kuhner, could you get a copy of my form scheduling order and 10 modify it as you will, in cooperation with opposing counsel? 11 In other words, the two parties can play with it and put in 12 whatever dates you want, except for August 11th at 9:30, one 13 day. That stays. You can do whatever else you want with it. 14 Okay? 15 MR. KUHNER: And just --16 MS. MANN: Right. 17 MR. KUHNER: Just for the record, for Ms. Mann's 18 comfort, we are -- we have agreed to -- the parties will 19 exchange names of witnesses as well as documents that we 20 believe are relevant by July 13, 2009. 21 THE COURT: All right. Yes. Ignore any deadlines 22 or dates I gave you other than the date of the trial and the 23 time. Fill in whatever you like. July 13 happens to be my

birthday, so maybe you'll have a good time exchanging

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documents by that date.

11 1 (Laughter.) 2 MS. MANN: Thank you, Your Honor. 3 MR. KUHNER: Thank you, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: All right. Thank you both. 5 Anything else on the evidentiary hearing? 6 (No response.) 7 THE COURT: All right. That brings us, then, to the 8 motion to remit the sale proceeds. I guess my first guestion 9 is, are there sales proceeds to remit? 10 MR. PEPLER: Your Honor, Frank Pepler appearing on behalf of City National. There are not sale proceeds, but 11 12 I've gotten a request for a partial release in connection 13 with the Plaza sale. It's scheduled to close on Tuesday. THE COURT: The sale will close on Tuesday? 14 15 MR. PEPLER: And there will be \$1.44 million of 16 gross sale proceeds, of which, under the cash collateral 17 agreement, we get --18 THE COURT: All right. 19 MR. PEPLER: -- 87-1/2 percent. 20 THE COURT: So if I didn't want to issue an advisory 21 committee, I should wait till after Tuesday and let someone 22 advise me that there's some sales proceeds for me to opine 23 about? Is that --24 MR. PEPLER: Well, since the Committee is threatening to also bring an adversary proceeding against us 25

on the same theories it's advancing in its opposition to the sale motion, --

THE COURT: But adversary proceeding motion. I can't render an opinion about disposing of proceeds that are nonexistent. I mean, so once the sale closes, then, you know, we can deal with who gets them. But I guess I shouldn't be issuing any rulings until I know that there are some sale proceeds to talk about.

MS. SINGER: Your Honor, Pam Singer. That's the Committee's initial point.

THE COURT: Yes. I mean, I'll hear what people have to say, and if someone just sends me a fax saying, "The sale closed and now you can issue a ruling," that's fine with me.

All right. Mr. Pepler, I have read your papers. I've also read the opposition. Anything you want to clarify or respond to? Otherwise, I think I have a handle on it.

MR. PEPLER: No, I'm sure that you do, Your Honor. The only thing that I would note is that the Committee's brief omits any discussion of the relevant provision of the UCC which governs post-revised Article IX terminations, amendments and financing statements.

THE COURT: 9510(a) is the section in the -MR. PEPLER: That is the one. It's one of our
favorites. I'm sure you're aware of it.

Other than that, I feel confident that --

THE COURT: I'll give you a chance to respond to anything Ms. Singer has to say, if she's going to argue it.

Ms. Singer, my question for you, and you can -- again,
I've read your papers. If I understand the facts correctly
here, prior to the filing of the petition -- the petition I
have was filed on March 5, '09. And a corrective UCC-3 was
filed on February 6, '09. So, as of the date of the
petition, even assuming, arguendo, that the termination
statement went into effect, it seemed like at the date of the
petition everything was corrected. So what is your basis for
complaint, even assuming, just for sake of discussion, that
prior to the corrective statement being filed there was a
problem from the bank's standpoint?

MS. SINGER: The basis for our objection is the Ninth Circuit's decision in *Pacific Trencher*, where, under nearly identical -- under identical facts, and a corrective statement in *Pacific Trencher* was also filed, the court found that once the termination box is terminated, the security interest is terminated. And the corrective statement, it doesn't -- isn't sufficient to -- it doesn't change that fact. And in *Pacific Trencher*, the issue was reserved as to whether or not that corrective statement was really the creation of a security interest within 90 days.

THE COURT: The perfection of a security interest, you mean?

MS. SINGER: Yeah, the perfection of the security interest within the 90 days. So the basis for our decision, Your Honor, is *Pacific Trencher*.

THE COURT: But was Section 9510(a) in effect at that time? At the time of Pacific Trencher, I mean?

MS. SINGER: Oh, nine five -- let me pull it up.

THE COURT: That's the section that says a filing is ineffective to the extent that it's not authorized. I'm overparaphrasing.

MS. SINGER: No, that was not in effect when -THE COURT: Yes.

MS. SINGER: -- Pacific Trencher was passed. But what -- and as we have in the briefs, what the official comment makes clear is that -- the entire issue of who has authority to file a financial statement, and in order for a financial statement to be effective it has to be filed with authority. Authority is decided by law outside of the UCC.

THE COURT: But here we have documents that tell us what the authority was. The authority was to file a UCC-3 that didn't terminate but just merely scaled back the scope of perfection. That's the evidence I have in front of me as to what the authority was.

MS. SINGER: Well, what --

THE COURT: And my other -- let me --

MS. SINGER: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: The other thing here, if you look at the statement that was actually filed, yes, the termination box was filed, but the textual part referred not to a termination, saying, "This security interest is gone. Byebye, baby. No more security interest." It said that it was being pared back. So anybody looking at that would know that the intent wasn't to throw it out completely but to limit it, right on the face of it.

MS. SINGER: Well, Your Honor, there's a safe harbor in the UCC for mistakes, and I think that's what the Court is alluding to, is that some mistakes just seem minor and --

THE COURT: And also alluding to Pacific Trencher, which didn't have that fact.

MS. SINGER: Well, it did have that fact. In Pacific Trencher, Your Honor, there was a listing of the collateral exactly like in our case. And the court found that the safe harbor of minor errors doesn't apply.

And let me just back up a little bit. We don't know what the facts are, Your Honor. And the issue cannot be decided in a contested matter on a motion. There does have to be an adversary proceeding. But the Committee has chosen not to bring that adversary proceeding until there are proceeds to fight about. And we have heard that there's going to be closing after closing, and we prudently have decided to wait until there is something to really fight about.

So -- and the issue -- under Revised Article IX, authority is decided by agency law. Now, we don't know whether First American filed this or -- we really don't know whether even City National Bank -- who checked that box. It could be that one of the administrative assistants at CNB checked that box. And Your Honor, if this were entirely inhouse, if this had gone from the business person to the legal department to the paralegal to the filing clerk, and somewhere along that chain the termination box had been mistakenly checked, we wouldn't be here, because Pacific Trencher has not been abrogated by the UCC and it's a seriously misleading mistake.

There is a possibility of an agency issue here in that
First American was told -- and City National Bank does say
that First American was its agent for filing appropriate
amendments. And somewhere along the line, the termination
box got checked. Was checking that termination box within
the scope of that agency to file an appropriate amendment?
Under the UCC, a termination statement is defined as many
things. It's a UCC-3 statement, and it includes an
amendment. So accidentally -- it's 10278. So accidentally
checking the termination box doesn't automatically take the
filing outside the scope of filing appropriate amendments.
But as well, when an agent is asked to do something -- file
appropriate amendments; don't screw it up; don't make a

mistake -- if in the course of doing what they were told to do -- file the UCC-3 statement -- they make a mistake, the cases are crystal clear that mistakes don't take the action outside the scope of the agency.

The Goddard case that we filed is very clear on that, where the principal -- very briefly, the principal told a person, "Go lend some money and get a security interest."

And the agent lent some money but forgot to get the security interest. And the principal sued him and said, "You basically stole my money." Sued him for conversion. And the court said, "Well, it wasn't conversion. You gave it to him as part of an agency. And yes, he made a mistake, but it was still within the scope of the agency."

And the Morrow Crane case, where the principal told the agent, "Put the crane on a boat and ship it. And don't put it above, because I don't want it getting rusty. Put it below." And the agent made a deal with the shipper and it wound up above and it got rusty. And the court said, "Well, you know." And the issue was, was that within the scope of the agency? And the court said yes, because mistakes within the scope of the agency are binding. Otherwise, Your Honor, the exception would swallow the rule and the principal would always say, "Well, that was a mistake" or "He didn't follow my directions, and therefore I'm not bound."

And one of CNB's cases, it was exactly that, where the

principal said, "Well, those weren't the directions." And the court said, "Well, even if it weren't the directions, you're still bound."

So agency law, to the extent it applies at all given the facts, and we don't know the facts, it was within the scope of the agency.

So then the UCC, we come back to the UCC, and the UCC determines the consequence of that mistake. And it has a safe harbor for minor errors. But Pacific Trencher has already said, under identical facts, when the termination box is checked by mistake, even when the collateral to be released is listed, even when a corrective statement is filed, that is a -- seriously misleading, and the safe harbor, unfortunately, is not available. So, Your Honor, it's not available here.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Ms. Singer.

MS. SINGER: You're welcome.

THE COURT: Mr. Pepler, I said you could respond.

MR. PEPLER: I will try to be brief, Your Honor.

20 Though I've spent a lot of time around the UCC -- I was an observer to the National Conference of Commissioners on

22 | Uniform State Laws when --

THE COURT: All right. But this isn't about you,
Mr. Pepler, so it's --

25 | (Laughter.)

MR. PEPLER: I have tried to bring a reasonableness to this discussion, and I have been met with what I think is resistance by the Committee that is completely unprincipled.

The scope of the agency in this case couldn't be more clearly delineated than it is in the escrow instructions.

The Committee chooses to read and to recite half of one sentence in describing that City National Bank authorized the filing of appropriate statements. They of course omit to refer to what Your Honor doubtless has read, that the scope of that agency is limited to release of the collateral specified.

The law is completely different than it was when Pacific Trencher was decided, by the simple fact that revised Article IX eliminated the requirement of physical signatures to prove authority. You can file a financing statement without signature. You can file a termination statement without signature. That's why 9510(a) exists, because the test for determining whether a financing statement is effective is whether it was authorized. And then it is only effective to the extent that it was authorized. That's true whether it's an original filing or whether it's an amendment which terminates or releases collateral.

Then the Secretary of State keeps what the drafters refer to as an 'open drawer' of these financing statements, and people can look at the dialogue between the parties filing

financing statements and determine the scope of the remaining effectiveness of the filing. Completely different than in Pacific Trencher, where the rule was and the practice was, if there was a termination statement filed, the Secretary of State purged the files. The case says that in the discussion of the effect of a termination statement. Never happens any more. Instead, what happens is that the financing statement and any linked documents get filed with the Secretary of State. Subsequent searchers can make their own conclusions. The standard of material error remains the same, but the facts that are brought to bear on that are different.

So, in this case, we think that the record before Your Honor supports a finding that there could not have been any material misleading effect of the financing statement which was delivered to release collateral. And I don't think it matters who in the chain between the secretaries at CNB and the title company may have checked this box. It wasn't within the express scope of the authority granted by the secured party to file the amendment.

THE COURT: Assume, contrary to your argument, that CNB is bound by the error of checking the thing, and talk about the seriously misleading error in light of Pacific Trencher. Ms. Singer argues that Pacific Trencher holds that the fact that you have the collateral delineated in the text box is irrelevant once the termination box is checked.

MR. PEPLER: Right. And the clear distinguishing fact which the Committee doesn't focus on is that, in *Pacific Trencher*, there was only one box checked. It was the termination. And under that there was a description of collateral. In our case, there was a deletion of collateral box checked when CNB sent the financing statement in, and when it was filed, both the termination box and the deletion of collateral box were checked.

So what the secured party in *Pacific Trencher* needed to argue was, notwithstanding the clear expression of an intent to terminate in a system where it was an on-off switch -- you were either continued effective filing or terminated -- that it had saved itself by filing a description of collateral to be released. And then when they filed their subsequent filing, I think Ms. Singer is a little off on the law, because they didn't file a corrective statement. They didn't exist. They re-perfected within the preference period by filing a new UCC-1.

So, in our case, the financing statement continued effective notwithstanding the amendment, and it could not be seriously misleading because on its face there was both a deletion of collateral box and a termination box. Under the current system, that remains in the Secretary of State files, and if there is a concern on the behalf of -- or on behalf of subsequent searchers, all they need do is call the secured

party to determine whether the financing statement was terminated or collateral was deleted from the blanket description.

So I think that the -- both the rule and the system that the rule applied are different now than they were in 1974.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MS. SINGER: Your Honor, may I just add something very brief?

THE COURT: Yes, you may, but I'll let opposing counsel respond to it. But go ahead.

MS. SINGER: Okay. I just want to point out that under the new Article IX, the official comments to Section 9509 are crystal clear that law under this -- law other than this article, including the law with respect to whether a person has the requisite authority, will -- so -- so the whole notion of whether or not a party has authority hasn't been -- the cases that we're relying on remain relevant.

And the statute that *Pacific Trencher* relied on, the only difference between *Pacific Trencher*, Your Honor, and this case is that an extra box in *Pacific Trencher* was checked.

And that is not going to -- if anything, it's even more confusing in this case, what happened.

But it relied on -- the statute that was simply renumbered under Revised IX, there was an intent -- that statute on which *Pacific Trencher* relies, 9506, is in Article

IX. It just was renumbered.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. SINGER: And finally, Mr. Pepler says, "Someone could have just called us and then they wouldn't be confused." But that's not the way the UCC is set up at all. It's supposed to be a blind. You're supposed to able to look at the public record and not be seriously misled. And under this case, looking at the documents that we've attached, it's seriously misleading that the Secretary of State recorded the financing statement as terminated.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Mr. Pepler, very briefly, if you want to respond to anything.

MR. PEPLER: The Secretary of State has no discretion to refuse a filing. And the materially misleading statement, I concede, continues in effect. And I believe that the financing statement as amended is not seriously misleading and continues to perfect the security interest of City National Bank.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to take this under advisement.

I need a mechanism to know whether the sale closed. Mr. Kuhner, can I draft you to let me know at the close of business Tuesday or opening of business Wednesday morning whether the sale closed or not? If it didn't close and they

-- I mean, obviously, we're urging the Court simply to deny the motion and that the 87-1/2 percent proceeds just stay -- remain segregated so that we can bring a complaint to determine the extent and validity of City National Bank's liens.

We would ask for the same thing with respect to this adequate protection payment. We shouldn't be paying \$60,000 in adequate protection to City National if in fact they don't have an interest in cash collateral because their underlying security interest was terminated.

Your Honor, just in terms of, you know, the context of this, I have been following up with the Debtor as well as with the bank, their counsel, regularly over the last couple of weeks in terms of what was intended with respect to this cash collateral stipulation that expired on June 30th. At first I didn't get any information, then I started to get some communications that they were working on a stopgap kind of a bare-bones budget to extend the period of authorized cash collateral use through July 17th.

And then all of a sudden, you know, we get this budget dropped on us yesterday that suddenly has a \$60,000 adequate protection payment to City National Bank. You know, despite repeated requests, we never got the budget until yesterday, and I guess I understand from counsel that they're going to put that over for notice. I don't have any problem with that

at all.

Generally speaking, Your Honor, we're -- in terms of the status of the case, just to bring you up to speed, we have regularly tried to have communications with the Debtor about where the case is going, what's the exit strategy, what's the end game, is there going to be a reorganization plan here? And really, we've seen no progress at all in the case, other than this one pending sale, which I'm glad to hear is supposed to close very, very soon.

We don't feel like the Debtor has been moving forward with a sufficient level of urgency or with a sufficient level of flexibility in terms of doing what needs to be done in order to try and realize value from the assets that are available in this estate.

That's just to put it a little bit in perspective, Your Honor, just to give you a little bit of context. Again, we don't have any problem with the necessary expenditures that have to be made under this budget, but given where the Debtor stands today -- and it is somewhat precarious -- given our disputes, pending disputes with the liens asserted by City National Bank, we would urge the Court at a minimum to approve the cash collateral budget provided that the \$60,000 in adequate protection is segregated pending a determination of the validity of City National Bank's liens.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Mr. Litvak. Mr.

Pepler, let me ask you this.

MR. PEPLER: Yes.

THE COURT: If I were to go along with the suggestion made by the Committee about impounding the \$60,000, would there still be a -- is there still a stipulation?

MR. PEPLER: I have made it clear to Mr. Litvak that we would not consent unless we got the money. And I -- this explains why the ruling on the issue of the continuing validity of the lien is not advisory. Mr. Litvak raises this in every possible context. It's the reason why we can't move anything forward.

So, no, we would not consent to this -- to the continued use of cash without receiving a payment of adequate protection.

THE COURT: Mr. Kuhner, are there any expenses that the Debtor needs to make between now and the close of business Tuesday in order to avoid immediate and irreparable injury to the estate?

MR. KUHNER: Mr. Nyberg has a better handle on that.

MR. NYBERG: I believe, Your Honor, the --

THE COURT: I need you behind a microphone, please.

MR. NYBERG: Eric Nyberg, Your Honor.

I think the only two would be one is payroll and the other is rent. Because the rent is due on July 1st. I don't

know what the grace period is. It could be ten days. But I would say that those would be the two: payroll and rent.

THE COURT: And when is the payroll?

MR. NYBERG: The payroll is July 3rd. It's tomorrow. So it has to be --

MR. PEPLER: Your Honor, may I speak to the payroll? I mean, the payroll has to be funded three days before the pay date, and I agreed with Mr. Nyberg, notwithstanding what I just said, that we didn't want to harm the employees and that the bank would consent to the use of cash to pay the payroll due July 3rd. So that's funded. But it was based on the understanding that we would move forward and get this cash collateral stipulation extension approved.

THE COURT: Well, what if you don't get it -- if it's to be approved, and this isn't a ruling, if it's to be approved, it isn't going to come before Tuesday. In that case, is there still funds for the Debtor to make the payroll?

MR. PEPLER: The payroll has already been funded, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. PEPLER: It's -- the question is whether the bank gets the benefits of the remaining adequate protection components of the stipulation.

THE COURT: All right. I'll tell you what, Mr.

Nyberg. I have to take approval of the stipulation under advisement. If it turns out that the bank is unsecured and I so rule, we go one way. If the bank is secured, then I guess I can approve the stipulation. And if there needs to be an evidentiary hearing, which is what the Creditors' Committee is pressing for, we'll just have to cross that when we get to it.

As far as the rent goes, --

MR. NYBERG: We might be able to push that out, because usually -- I mean, usually there is a grace period.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. NYBERG: So if it's due on the 1st, I'm sure we have a couple of days' grace. And with the holiday weekend, hopefully people won't be watching too closely.

THE COURT: All right. All right. So if and to the extent that Court approval is needed to authorize funding of the payroll and related expense items -- you know, the withholding and all those goodies -- that's approved. To the extent that the Debtor is seeking a complete ratification of the stipulation, I'll take that under submission as well.

MR. NYBERG: Thank you.

MR. PEPLER: Thank you.

MR. FELD: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes?

1 MR. FELD: This is --2 THE COURT: Is that Mr. Litvak? 3 MR. FELD: No, this is Alan Feld for CP III, another 4 secured creditor. 5 THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Feld. 6 MR. FELD: Your Honor, I just wanted to state for 7 the record that we have no objection to the stipulation, 8 provided that we're afforded the same protections as in the prior cash collateral agreement, including the monthly payment, which I believe Mr. Nyberg has now budgeted as an 10 11 adequate protection payment. We're -- we understand that that, of course, is effective when and if the stipulation is 12 13 approved. And we also, like Mr. Litvak, saw the stipulation and the 14 15 budget for the first time last night, so we're working with 16 Mr. Nyberg on signing off on that. 17 THE COURT: All right. 18 MR. KUHNER: And that's correct, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Kuhner -- I don't know 20 if you heard Mr. Kuhner. He confirms your understanding. 21 MR. FELD: Okay. Thank you very much. 22 THE COURT: All right. Any other business before the Court? 23 24 (No response.) 25 THE COURT: All right. We may need to schedule some

34 1 hearings next week, depending on what happens. But at this 2 point, I think I'll just wait to see if the sale closes, and 3 I will undertake to respond to a closing as quickly as I 4 possibly can after that closing. 5 MR. KUHNER: Thank you, Your Honor. 6 MR. PEPLER: Thank you, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: All right. Thank you all. 8 (Proceedings concluded at 3:24 p.m.) 9 --000--10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 CERTIFICATE 18 19 I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript 20 from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 21 Digitally signed by Kathy Rehling DN: cn=Kathy Rehling, c=US, email=kathy.rehling@tx.rr. 22 Kathy Rehling Date: 2009.08.26 22:22:04 -05'00' 23 24 Date Kathy Rehling Certified Electronic Court Transcriber 25 CET**D-444

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Northern District of California

In re Debtor(s):	Case No.: 09–41727 EDJ 11 Chapter: 11
A.F.Evans Company, Inc.	

NOTICE OF FILING OF TRANSCRIPT AND DEADLINES RELATED TO RESTRICTION AND REDACTION

A transcript of the proceeding held on 7/2/2009 was filed on Wednesday, August 26, 2009. The following deadlines apply:

The parties have until Tuesday, September 8, 2009 to file with the court a Notice of Intent to Request Redaction of this transcript. The deadline for filing a request for redaction is Wednesday, September 16, 2009.

If a request for redaction is filed, the redacted transcript is due Monday, September 28, 2009.

If no such notice is filed, the transcript may be made available for remote electronic access upon expiration of the restriction period, which is Tuesday, November 24, 2009, unless extended by court order.

To review the transcript for redaction purposes, you may purchase a copy from the transcriber,

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Dated: 8/31/09 For the Court:

Gloria L. Franklin Clerk of Court United States Bankruptcy Court

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